## STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to the school calendar; amending 70

Section 1-109), which relates to the length of the school year; modifying the number of hours for which

school shall be in session with a minimum number of days of instruction if certain policy is adopted;

allowing the Oklahoma School for the Blind and the Oklahoma School for the Deaf to adopt an alternative

provided and certain approval is received; amending

Section 1, Chapter 135, O.S.L. 2016 (70 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 1-111), which relates to the school

days; amending 70 O.S. 2011, Section 1210.508C, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 213, O.S.L. 2017

reference to hours in certain school year; amending

allowing classes to be conducted for certain number

(70 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 1210.508C), which relates to the Reading Sufficiency Act; modifying

70 O.S. 2011, Section 4516, which relates to a

continuous school program; modifying language

of hours; and providing an effective date.

day; modifying language allowing a district board of education to extend the length of certain school

school hours policy if certain notification is

70 O.S. 2011, Section 1-111, as last amended by

modifying criteria for certain extended-day schedule;

1, Chapter 6, O.S.L. 2016 (70 O.S. Supp. 2018,

O.S. 2011, Section 1-109, as last amended by Section

3 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 579

By: Stanislawski

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23 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

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Req. No. 1917

Page 1

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SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2011, Section 1-109, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 6, O.S.L. 2016 (70 O.S. Supp. 3 2018, Section 1-109), is amended to read as follows:
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Section 1-109. A. For all public schools in Oklahoma, school shall actually be in session and classroom instruction offered:

- 1. For not less than one hundred eighty (180) days; or
- 2. For not less than one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours with a minimum of one hundred fifty-five (155) days of instruction each school year, if a district board of education adopts a school-hours policy and notifies the State Board of Education prior to October 15 of the applicable school year.
- B. A school district may not count more than thirty (30) hours each school year that are used for attendance of professional meetings toward the one hundred eighty (180) days or one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours of classroom instruction time required in subsection A of this section.
- C. Teachers off contract with an employing district shall not be required by the employing school district to attend professional meetings unless the teacher is paid additional compensation for the additional time. Teachers may be paid additional compensation for attending professional meetings in excess of their contract term. Subject to district board of education policy or collective bargaining agreement, additional paid professional days may be

- granted for individual teachers to attend or participate in
  professional meetings, staff development training, or National Board
  certification portfolio development as provided for in Section 6204.2 of this title.
  - D. A school district may authorize parent-teacher conferences to be held during a regular school day. If authorized by the school district, parent-teacher conferences shall be counted as classroom instruction time for no more than six (6) hours per semester, for a total of twelve (12) hours per school year.
  - E. A school district may maintain school for less than a full school year only when conditions beyond the control of school authorities make the maintenance of the term impossible and the State Board of Education has been apprised and has expressed concurrence in writing.
  - F. The State Board of Education shall establish criteria for an extended-day schedule for schools subject to paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section. The criteria shall:
  - 1. Prescribe a lengthened school day within limits determined not to be detrimental to quality instruction;
  - 2. Ensure that the schedule is equivalent in annual hours of instruction to the one-hundred-eighty-day school year specified in paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section; and

3. Be consistent with the provisions of this section and Sections 1-111 and 1-112 of this title, but may result in fewer annual days of instruction.

- G. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection F of this section, a school district board of education subject to paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section may adopt and implement an extended-day schedule subject to the following requirements:
- 1. The annual number of hours of instruction shall equal or exceed one thousand eighty (1,080) hours, which is the equivalent of one hundred eighty (180) days of instruction as specified in <a href="mailto:paragraph 1 of">paragraph 1 of</a> subsection A of this section for six (6) hours each day as specified in Section 1-111 of this title;
- 2. The annual number of days of instruction shall equal or exceed one hundred eighty (180) days as specified in paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section;
- 3. The schedule adopted shall be consistent with the provisions of Sections 1-111 and 1-112 of this title, except that for not more than one (1) day per week, a school day shall consist of not less than five (5) hours devoted to academic instruction in a regular classroom setting;
- 4. The district shall hold a public hearing prior to the adoption of an extended-day schedule authorized pursuant to this subsection; and

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5. The district shall document the impact on student achievement as determined by the academic performance data score and any other relevant factors that are a result of implementation of an extended-day schedule authorized pursuant to this subsection and provide an annual report to the State Board of Education of the results. If improvement in student achievement cannot be documented in the report, the district board of education shall revoke authorization as provided by this subsection. If the district does not revoke authorization after student achievement is not documented in the report, the State Board of Education may deny accreditation of any school in violation of this subsection.

- H. If subject to paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, a A district board of education or designee may elect to close a school during the school day for inclement weather purposes. In such an event, the number of hours incurred in classroom instruction time prior to school closure shall be counted toward the one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one hundred eighty (180) days or one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours per year requirement.
- I. Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the right of an employing school district to require teachers as defined in Section 6-101.3 of this title to work in excess of the one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one hundred eighty (180) days or one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours required for student instruction. In addition, nothing in this section shall be

1 construed to affect the Fair Labor Standards Act status of any 2 school district employee.

- J. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the

  Oklahoma School for the Blind or the Oklahoma School for the Deaf

  from adopting an alternative school hours policy if the Oklahoma

  School for the Blind or the Oklahoma School for the Deaf notifies

  and receives approval from the State Board of Education prior to

  October 15 of the applicable school year.
- 9 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2011, Section 1-111, as
  10 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 135, O.S.L. 2016 (70 O.S. Supp.
  11 2018, Section 1-111), is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 1-111. A. Except as otherwise provided for by law, a school day shall consist of not less than six (6) hours devoted to school activities. A district board of education may elect to extend the length of one (1) or more school days to more than six (6) hours and reduce the number of school days as long as the total amount of classroom instruction time is not less than one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one hundred eighty (180) days or one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours per year as required pursuant to Section 1-109 of this title.
- B. A school day for nursery, early childhood education,
  kindergarten, and alternative education programs shall be as
  otherwise defined by law or as defined by the State Board of
  Education. Except as otherwise provided for in this subsection, not

- more than one (1) school day shall be counted for attendance

  purposes in any twenty-four-hour period. Two (2) school days, each

  consisting of not less than six (6) hours, may be counted for

  attendance purposes in any twenty-four-hour period only if one of

  the school days is for the purpose of parent-teacher conferences

  held as provided for in Section 1-109 of this title.
  - C. Students absent from school in which they are regularly enrolled may be considered as being in attendance if the reason for such absence is to participate in scheduled school activities under the direction and supervision of a regular member of the faculty or to participate in an online course approved by the district board of education. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to provide for the implementation of supplemental online courses which shall include, but not be limited to, provisions addressing the following:
    - 1. Criteria for student admissions eligibility;

- 2. A student admission process administered through the district of residence, which provides the ability for the student to enroll in individual courses;
- 3. A process by which students are not denied the opportunity to enroll in educationally appropriate courses by school districts. For the purposes of this section, "educationally appropriate" means any instruction that is not substantially a repeat of a course or portion of a course that the student has successfully completed,

- regardless of the grade of the student, and regardless of whether a course is similar to or identical to the instruction that is currently offered in the school district;
  - 4. Creation of a system which provides ongoing enrollment access for students throughout the school year;

- 5. A grace period of fifteen (15) calendar days from the first day of an online course for student withdrawal from an online course without academic penalty;
- 6. Mastery of competencies for course completion rather than Carnegie units;
- 7. Student participation in extracurricular activities in accordance with school district eligibility rules and policies and any rules and policies of a private organization or association which provides the coordination, supervision, and regulation of the interscholastic activities and contests of schools;
- 8. Parent authorization for release of state test results to online course providers, on a form developed by the State Department of Education; and
- 9. A review process to identify and certify online course providers and a uniform payment processing system.
- D. Each district board of education shall adopt policies and procedures that conform to rules for online courses as adopted by the State Board. Such policies shall include criteria for approval of the course, the appropriateness of the course for a particular

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   student, authorization for full-time students to enroll in online
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   courses, and establishing fees or charges. No district shall be
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   liable for payment of any fees or charges for any online course for
   a student who has not complied with the district's policies and
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   procedures. School districts shall not deny students the
   opportunity to enroll in educationally appropriate courses and shall
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   provide an admissions process which includes input from the student,
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the parent or guardian of the student, and school faculty.

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- Ε. Districts shall require students enrolled in online courses to participate in the Oklahoma School Testing Program Act. Students participating in online courses from a remote site will be responsible for providing their own equipment and Internet access, unless the district chooses to provide the equipment. Credit may not be granted for such courses except upon approval of the State Board of Education and the district board of education.
- F. The school day for kindergarten may consist of six (6) hours devoted to school activities.
- 70 O.S. 2011, Section 1210.508C, SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 18 as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 213, O.S.L. 2017 (70 O.S. 19 Supp. 2018, Section 1210.508C), is amended to read as follows: 20 Section 1210.508C. A. 1. Each student enrolled in 21 kindergarten in a public school in this state shall be screened for 22 reading skills including, but not limited to, phonemic awareness, 23 letter recognition, and oral language skills as identified in the

subject matter standards adopted by the State Board of Education. A screening instrument approved by the State Board shall be utilized for the purposes of this section.

- 2. For those kindergarten children at risk for reading difficulties, teachers shall emphasize reading skills as identified in the subject matter standards adopted by the State Board of Education, monitor progress throughout the year and measure year-end reading progress.
- 3. Classroom assistants, which may include parents, grandparents, or other volunteers, shall be provided in kindergarten classes to assist with the screening of students if a teacher aide is not already employed to assist in a kindergarten classroom.
- B. 1. Each student enrolled in kindergarten, first, second and third grade of the public schools of this state shall be assessed at the beginning and end of each school year using a screening instrument approved by the State Board of Education for the acquisition of reading skills including, but not limited to, phonemic awareness, phonics, reading fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.
- 2. Any student who is assessed and found not to be reading at the appropriate grade level shall be provided a program of reading instruction designed to enable the student to acquire the appropriate grade level reading skills. The program of reading instruction shall include provisions of the READ Initiative adopted

by the school district as provided for in subsection 0 of this
section.

- 3. Throughout the year progress monitoring shall continue, and diagnostic assessment, if determined appropriate, shall be provided. Year-end reading skills shall be measured to determine reading success.
- C. The State Board of Education shall approve screening instruments for use at the beginning and end of the school year, for monitoring of progress, and for measurement of reading skills at the end of the school year as required in subsections A and B of this section; provided, at least one of the screening instruments shall meet the following criteria:
- 1. Assess for phonemic awareness, phonics, reading fluency, and comprehension;
  - 2. Document the validity and reliability of each assessment;
  - 3. Can be used for diagnosis and progress monitoring;
- 4. Can be used to assess special education and limited-Englishproficient students; and
  - 5. Accompanied by a data management system that provides profiles for students, class, grade level and school building. The profiles shall identify each student's instructional point of need and reading achievement level. The State Board shall also determine other comparable reading assessments for diagnostic purposes and for periodic and post assessments to be used for students at risk of

reading failure. The State Board shall ensure that any assessments approved are in alignment with the subject matter standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

- D. 1. The program of reading instruction required in subsection B of this section shall align with the subject matter standards adopted by the State Board of Education and shall include provisions of the READ Initiative adopted by the school district as provided for in subsection O of this section. A program of reading instruction may include, but is not limited to:
  - a. sufficient additional in-school instructional time for the acquisition of phonemic awareness, phonics, reading fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension,
  - b. if necessary, tutorial instruction after regular school hours, on Saturdays and during summer; however, such instruction may not be counted toward the onehundred-eighty-day or one-thousand-eighty-hour onethousand-one-hundred-forty-hour school year required in Section 1-109 of this title, and
  - c. assessments identified for diagnostic purposes and periodic monitoring to measure the acquisition of reading skills including, but not limited to, phonemic awareness, phonics, reading fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, as identified in the student's program of reading instruction.

- 2. A student enrolled in first or second grades who has been assessed as provided for in subsection B of this section and found not to be reading at the corresponding grade level, shall be entitled to individualized remediation in reading until the student is determined by the results of a screening instrument to be reading on grade level. The program of reading instruction for each student shall be developed by a Student Reading Proficiency Team and shall include individualized remediation. Each team shall be composed of:
  - a. the parent or quardian of the student,

- b. the teacher assigned to the student who had responsibility for reading instruction in that academic year,
- c. a teacher who is responsible for reading instruction and is assigned to teach in the next grade level of the student, and
- d. a certified reading specialist, if one is available.
- E. The program of reading instruction shall continue until the student is determined by the results of approved reading assessments to be reading on grade level.
- F. 1. Every school district shall adopt, and implement a district reading sufficiency plan which has had input from school administrators, teachers, and parents and if possible a reading specialist, and which shall be submitted electronically to and approved by the State Board of Education. The plan shall be updated

annually. School districts shall not be required to electronically submit the annual updates to the Board if the last plan submitted to the Board was approved and expenditures for the program include only expenses relating to individual and small group tutoring, purchase of and training in the use of screening and assessment measures, summer school programs and Saturday school programs. If any expenditure for the program is deleted or changed or any other type of expenditure for the program is implemented, the school district shall be required to submit the latest annual update to the Board for approval. The district reading sufficiency plan shall include a plan for each site which includes an analysis of the data provided by the Oklahoma School Testing Program and other reading assessments utilized as required in this section, and which outlines how each school site will comply with the provisions of the Reading Sufficiency Act.

- 2. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the implementation and evaluation of the provisions of the Reading Sufficiency Act. The evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, an analysis of the data required in subsection S of this section.
- G. For any third-grade student found not to be reading at grade level as determined by reading assessments administered pursuant to this section, a new program of reading instruction, including provisions of the READ Initiative adopted by the school district as

provided for in subsection O of this section, shall be developed by a Student Reading Proficiency Team and implemented as specified in subsection D of this section. In addition to other requirements of the Reading Sufficiency Act, the plan may include specialized tutoring.

- H. 1. Any first-grade, second-grade or third-grade student who demonstrates proficiency in reading at the third-grade level through a screening instrument which meets the acquisition of reading skills criteria pursuant to subsection B of this section shall not be subject to retention pursuant to this section. After a student has demonstrated proficiency through a screening instrument, the district shall provide notification to the parent or guardian of the student that they have satisfied the requirements of the Reading Sufficiency Act and will not be subject to retention pursuant to this section.
- 2. If a third-grade student is identified at any point of the academic year as having a significant reading deficiency, which shall be defined as scoring below proficient on a screening instrument which meets the acquisition of reading skills criteria pursuant to subsection B of this section, the district shall immediately begin a student reading portfolio as provided by subsection K of this section and shall provide notice to the parent of the deficiency pursuant to subsection I of this section.

3. If a student has not yet satisfied the proficiency requirements of this section prior to the completion of third grade and still has a significant reading deficiency, as identified based on assessments administered as provided for in subsection B of this section, has not accumulated evidence of third-grade proficiency through a student portfolio as provided in subsection K of this section, or is not subject to a good-cause exemption as provided in subsection K of this section K of this section, then the student shall not be eligible for automatic promotion to fourth grade.

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4. a. For the 2016-2017 school year, a student not eligible for automatic promotion as provided for in paragraph 3 of this subsection and who scores at the unsatisfactory level on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title may be evaluated for probationary promotion by the Student Reading Proficiency Team. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, a student not eligible for automatic promotion as provided for under paragraph 3 of this subsection and who scores below the proficiency level on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title may be evaluated for probationary promotion by the Student Reading Proficiency Team

which was created for the student pursuant to subsection D of this section.

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- b. The student shall be promoted to the fourth grade if the team members unanimously recommend probationary promotion to the school principal and the school district superintendent and the principal and superintendent approve the recommendation that promotion is the best option for the student. If a student is allowed a probationary promotion, the team shall continue to review the reading performance of the student and repeat the requirements of this paragraph each academic year until the student demonstrates grade-level reading proficiency, as identified through a screening instrument which meets the acquisition of reading skills criteria pursuant to subsection B of this section, for the corresponding grade level in which the student is enrolled or transitions to the requirements set forth by the Achieving Classroom Excellence Act.
- 5. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, students who score below the proficient level on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title, who are not subject to a good cause exemption as provided in subsection K of this section, and who do not qualify for

promotion or probationary promotion as provided in this subsection,

shall be retained in the third grade and provided intensive

instructional services and supports as provided for in subsection N

of this section.

- 6. Each school district shall annually report to the State
  Department of Education the number of students promoted to the
  fourth grade pursuant to this subsection and the number of students
  promoted to a subsequent grade pursuant to the provisions in
  paragraph 4 of this subsection. The State Department of Education
  shall publicly report the aggregate and district-specific number of
  students promoted on their website and shall provide electronic
  copies of the report to the Governor, Secretary of Education,
  President Pro Tempore of the Senate, Speaker of the House of
  Representatives, and to the respective chairs of the committees with
  responsibility for common education policy in each legislative
  chamber.
  - 7. Nothing shall prevent a school district from applying the principles of paragraphs 3 and 4 of this subsection in grades kindergarten through second grade.
  - 8. To determine the promotion and retention of third-grade students pursuant to the Reading Sufficiency Act, the State Board of Education shall use only the reading comprehension and vocabulary scores portion of the statewide third-grade assessment administered

pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title and shall not use the other language arts scores portions of the assessment.

- I. The parent of any student who is found to have a reading deficiency and is not reading at the appropriate grade level and has been provided a program of reading instruction as provided for in subsection B of this section shall be notified in writing of the following:
- 1. That the student has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading;
- 2. A description of the current services that are provided to the student pursuant to a conjoint measurement model such that a reader and a text are placed on the same scale;
- 3. A description of the proposed supplemental instructional services and supports that will be provided to the student that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency;
- 4. That the student will not be promoted to the fourth grade if the reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of the third grade, unless the student is otherwise promoted as provided for in subsection H of this section or is exempt for good cause as set forth in subsection K of this section;
- 5. Strategies for parents to use in helping their child succeed in reading proficiency;
  - 6. The grade-level performance scores of the student;

7. That while the results of the statewide assessments administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title are the initial determinant, they are not the sole determiner of promotion and that portfolio reviews and assessments are available; and

- 8. The specific criteria and policies of the school district for midyear promotion implemented as provided for in paragraph 4 of subsection N of this section.
- J. No student may be assigned to a grade level based solely on age or other factors that constitute social promotion.
- K. For those students who do not meet the academic requirements for promotion and who are not otherwise promoted as provided for in subsection H of this section, a school district may promote the student for good cause only. Good-cause exemptions for promotion shall be limited to the following:
- 1. Limited-English-proficient students who have had less than two (2) years of instruction in an English language learner program;
- 2. Students with disabilities whose individualized education program (IEP), consistent with state law, indicates that the student is to be assessed with alternate achievement standards through the Oklahoma Alternate Assessment Program (OAAP);
- 3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education;

4. Students who demonstrate, through a student portfolio, that the student is reading on grade level as evidenced by demonstration of mastery of the state standards beyond the retention level;

- 5. Students with disabilities who participate in the statewide assessments administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title and who have an individualized education program that reflects that the student has received intensive remediation in reading for more than two (2) years but still demonstrates a deficiency in reading and was previously retained in prekindergarten for academic reasons, kindergarten, first grade, second grade, or third grade;
- 6. Students who have received intensive remediation in reading through a program of reading instruction for two (2) or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency in reading and who were previously retained in prekindergarten for academic reasons, kindergarten, first grade, second grade, or third grade for a total of two (2) years; and
- 7. Students who have been granted an exemption for medical emergencies by the State Department of Education.
- L. A student who is otherwise promoted as provided for in subsection H of this section or is promoted for good cause as provided for in subsection K of this section shall be provided intensive reading instruction during an altered instructional day that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific reading strategies for each student. The school district shall

assist schools and teachers to implement reading strategies for the promoted students that research has shown to be successful in improving reading among low-performing readers.

- M. Requests to exempt students from the retention requirements based on one of the good-cause exemptions as described in subsection K of this section shall be made using the following process:
- 1. Documentation submitted from the teacher of the student to the school principal that indicates the student meets one of the good-cause exemptions and promotion of the student is appropriate. In order to minimize paperwork requirements, the documentation shall consist only of the alternative assessment results or student portfolio work and the individual education plan (IEP), as applicable;
- 2. The principal of the school shall review and discuss the documentation with the teacher and, if applicable, the other members of the Student Reading Proficiency Team as described in subsection D of this section. If the principal determines that the student meets one of the good-cause exemptions and should be promoted based on the documentation provided, the principal shall make a recommendation in writing to the school district superintendent; and
- 3. After review, the school district superintendent shall accept or reject the recommendation of the principal in writing.

N. Each school district shall:

- 1. Conduct a review of the program of reading instruction for all students who score below the proficient level on the reading portion of the statewide assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title and did not meet the criteria for one of the good-cause exemptions as set forth in subsection K of this section. The review shall address additional supports and services, as described in this subsection, needed to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency. The school district shall require a student portfolio to be completed for each retained student;
- 2. Provide to students who have been retained as set forth in subsection H of this section with intensive interventions in reading, intensive instructional services and supports to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency, including a minimum of ninety (90) minutes of daily, uninterrupted, scientific-research-based reading instruction. Retained students shall be provided other strategies prescribed by the school district, which may include, but are not limited to:
  - a. small group instruction,

- b. reduced teacher-student ratios,
- c. more frequent progress monitoring,
- d. tutoring or mentoring,
- e. transition classes containing third- and fourth-grade students,
- f. extended school day, week, or year, and

g. summer reading academies as provided for in Section 1210.508E of this title, if available;

- 3. Provide written notification to the parent or guardian of any student who is to be retained as set forth in subsection H of this section that the student has not met the proficiency level required for promotion and was not otherwise promoted and the reasons the student is not eligible for a good-cause exemption. The notification shall include a description of proposed interventions and intensive instructional supports that will be provided to the student to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency;
- 4. Implement a policy for the midyear promotion of a retained student who can demonstrate that the student is a successful and independent reader, is reading at or above grade level, and is ready to be promoted to the fourth grade. Tools that school districts may use in reevaluating any retained student may include subsequent assessments, alternative assessments, and portfolio reviews, in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. Retained students may only be promoted midyear prior to November 1 and only upon demonstrating a level of proficiency required to score at the proficient level on the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title, or upon demonstrating proficiency in reading at the third-grade level through a screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection B of this section, and upon showing progress sufficient to master

appropriate fourth-grade-level skills, as determined by the school.

A midyear promotion shall be made only upon agreement of the parent or guardian of the student and the school principal;

- 5. Provide students who are retained with a high-performing teacher who can address the needs of the student, based on student performance data and above-satisfactory performance appraisals; and
- 6. In addition to required reading enhancement and acceleration strategies, provide students who are retained with at least one of the following instructional options:
  - a. supplemental tutoring in scientific-research-based reading services in addition to the regular reading block, including tutoring before or after school,
  - b. a parent-guided "Read at Home" assistance plan, as developed by the State Department of Education, the purpose of which is to encourage regular parent-guided home reading, or
  - c. a mentor or tutor with specialized reading training.
- O. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, each school district shall establish a Reading Enhancement and Acceleration Development (READ) Initiative. The focus of the READ Initiative shall be to prevent the retention of third-grade students by offering intensive accelerated reading instruction to third-grade students who failed to meet standards for promotion to fourth grade

and to kindergarten through third-grade students who are exhibiting a reading deficiency. The READ Initiative shall:

- 1. Be provided to all kindergarten through third-grade students at risk of retention as identified by the assessments administered pursuant to the Reading Sufficiency Act. The assessment used shall measure phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension;
- 2. Be provided during regular school hours in addition to the regular reading instruction; and
- 3. Provide a state-approved reading curriculum that, at a minimum, meets the following specifications:
  - a. assists students assessed as exhibiting a reading deficiency in developing the ability to read at grade level,
  - provides skill development in phonemic awareness,
     phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension,
  - c. provides a scientific-research-based and reliable assessment,
  - d. provides initial and ongoing analysis of the reading progress of each student,
  - e. is implemented during regular school hours,
  - f. provides a curriculum in core academic subjects to assist the student in maintaining or meeting

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proficiency levels for the appropriate grade in all academic subjects,

- g. establishes at each school, where applicable, an
  Intensive Acceleration Class for retained third-grade
  students who subsequently score below the proficient
  level on the reading portion of the statewide
  assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508
  of this title. The focus of the Intensive
  Acceleration Class shall be to increase the reading
  level of a child at least two grade levels in one (1)
  school year. The Intensive Acceleration Class shall:
  - (1) be provided to any student in the third grade who scores below the proficient level on the reading portion of the statewide assessments and who was retained in the third grade the prior year because of scoring below the proficient level on the reading portion of the statewide assessments,
  - (2) have a reduced teacher-student ratio,
  - (3) provide uninterrupted reading instruction for the majority of student contact time each day and incorporate opportunities to master the fourthgrade state standards in other core subject areas,

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- (4) use a reading program that is scientificresearch-based and has proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within the same school year,
- (5) provide intensive language and vocabulary instruction using a scientific-research-based program, including use of a speech-language therapist,
- (6) include weekly progress monitoring measures to ensure progress is being made, and
- (7) provide reports to the State Department of Education, in the manner described by the Department, outlining the progress of students in the class at the end of the first semester,
- h. provide reports to the State Board of Education, upon request, on the specific intensive reading interventions and supports implemented by the school district. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually prescribe the required components of the reports, and
- i. provide to a student who has been retained in the third grade and has received intensive instructional services but is still not ready for grade promotion, as determined by the school district, the option of

being placed in a transitional instructional setting.

A transitional setting shall specifically be designed to produce learning gains sufficient to meet fourthgrade performance standards while continuing to remediate the areas of reading deficiency.

- P. In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, each school district board of education shall annually report to the parent or guardian of each student in the district the progress of the student toward achieving state and district expectations for proficiency in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The school district board of education shall report to the parent or guardian of each student the results on statewide assessments administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title. The evaluation of the progress of each student shall be based upon classroom work, observations, tests, district and state assessments, and other relevant information. Progress reporting shall be provided to the parent or guardian in writing.
- Q. 1. Each school district board of education shall annually publish on the school website, and report in writing to the State Board of Education by September 1 of each year, the following information on the prior school year:
  - a. the provisions of this section relating to public school student progression and the policies and

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procedures of the school district on student retention and promotion,

- b. by grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades three through ten performing below the proficient level on the reading portion of the statewide assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title,
- c. by grade, the number and percentage of all students retained in grades three through ten,
- d. information on the total number and percentage of students who were promoted for good cause, by each category of good cause as specified above, and
- e. any revisions to the policies of the school district on student retention and promotion from the prior year.
- 2. The State Department of Education shall establish a uniform format for school districts to report the information required in this subsection. The format shall be developed with input from school districts and shall be provided not later than ninety (90) days prior to the annual due date. The Department shall annually compile the information required, along with state-level summary information, and report the information to the public, the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

R. The State Department of Education shall provide technical assistance as needed to aid school districts in administering the provision of the Reading Sufficiency Act.

- S. On or before December 31 of each year, the State Department of Education shall issue to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and members of the Senate and House of Representatives Education

  Committees a Reading Report Card for the state and each school district and elementary site which shall include, but is not limited to, trend data detailing three (3) years of data, disaggregated by student subgroups to include economically disadvantaged, major racial or ethnic groups, students with disabilities, and English language learners, as appropriate for the following:
- 1. The number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade determined to be at risk for reading difficulties compared to the total number of students enrolled in each grade;
- 2. The number and percentage of students in kindergarten who continue to be at risk for reading difficulties as determined by the year-end measurement of reading progress;
- 3. The number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade who have successfully completed their program of reading instruction and are reading on grade level as determined by the results of approved reading assessments;

4. The number and percentage of students scoring at each performance level on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title;

- 5. The number of students tested, the number of students promoted through meeting proficiency on a screening instrument as provided for in subsection H of this section, the number of students promoted through each of the good-cause exemptions as provided for in subsection K of this section and the number of students retained and the number of students promoted through probationary promotion as provided for in subsection H of this section for each elementary site;
- 6. Data tracking the progression of students promoted through each of the good-cause exemptions as provided for in subsection K of this section and students promoted through probationary promotion or students who are retained in third grade as provided for in subsection H of this section through the eighth grade. The data shall include but not be limited to information regarding whether students graduate on time;
- 7. The amount of funds for reading remediation received by each district;
- 8. An evaluation and narrative interpretation of the report data analyzing the impact of the Reading Sufficiency Act on students' ability to read at grade level;

9. The type of reading instruction practices and methods currently being used by school districts in the state;

- 10. Socioeconomic information, access to reading resources outside of school and screening for and identification of learning disabilities for students not reading at the appropriate grade level by third grade;
- 11. The types of intensive remediation efforts being conducted by school districts to identify best practices for students that are not reading at the appropriate grade level and are not retained under the provisions of this section; and
- 12. Any recommendations for improvements or amendments to the Reading Sufficiency Act.

The State Department of Education may contract with an independent entity for the reporting and analysis requirements of this subsection.

- T. Copies of the results of the assessments administered shall be made a part of the permanent record of each student.
- 18 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2011, Section 4516, is
  19 amended to read as follows:

Section 4516. The board of education of any school district operating pursuant to the provisions of this act shall establish a school calendar whereby the teaching sessions and vacation periods during the school year are on a rotating basis.

Each selected school shall be closed for all students and employees on regular school holidays.

The schools and classes shall be conducted for a total of no less than one hundred eighty (180) days or no less than one thousand eighty (1,080) hours one thousand one hundred forty (1,140) hours during the academic year.

The provisions of all other laws relating to compulsory full-time education and the enrollment and attendance of pupils in the kindergarten, elementary and secondary grades shall be applicable with respect to the regular school days prescribed for the entire academic year established for the school at which a program pursuant to this act is conducted, and to the attendance area established for such school.

SECTION 5. This act shall become effective July 1, 2020.

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